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Need and Significance Mann Ki Baat (Radio Revolution): Narendra Damodardas Modi

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ABSTRACT

Mann ki Baat, initiated by Prime Minister Narendra Modi, is a revolutionary radio program that has become an important tool for communicating with the citizens of India. It is a platform for the Prime Minister to share his thoughts and ideas on various issues with the public. The program has been successful in engaging the people of India in a conversation about the country's development, and it has played a significant role in promoting social and cultural harmony. This research paper aims to explore the need and significance of Mann ki Baat and how it has transformed the traditional media landscape in India.

Keywords: Mann ki Baat, Radio Program, Traditional Media

I. INTRODUCTION

Mann ki Baat, which translates to "voice of the heart," is a radio program initiated by Prime Minister Narendra Modi in 2014. The program is broadcasted once a month on All India Radio, and it is also streamed on the internet and mobile applications. The program provides the Prime Minister with an opportunity to communicate directly with the people of India and share his thoughts on various issues. Radio is one of the most widely used mass media outlets in the globe. Its reach is both expansive and powerful. A radio is a common household item that almost everyone, regardless of socioeconomic status, can afford. It's one of a kind because of its speed and instantaneous nature. In 1917, it was thought that radio transmissions could spread educational ideas to a large population. In July 1927, Bombay became the site of India's first radio station. The following station to open was in Calcutta, followed by Delhi in 1936. In India, radio programming is disseminated by the organisation All India Radio (AIR). Calcutta's school radio broadcasts first aired that year. The school broadcast has grown since then. The majority of AIR stations air shows intended for classroom use. As a result of technological advancements, radio is now a fully functional means of communication that serves to inform, educate, entertain, and keep us up to date on the happenings around the world with as little effort as turning on the radio. Our honourable Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi hosts the popular radio programme MANN KI BAAT, but the program's success also stems from the information it disseminates about important national actions taken by the government or incidents happening around the world, along with an explanation of how the general public can benefit from the government's various initiatives. The show's international appeal is reflected in the fact that it attracts listeners from all around the world.

II. REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

In **2014, the first episode of Mann ki Baat** was broadcasted on All India Radio. According to a report published in the Times of India, the program was an instant hit among the people of India, with over 90% of the respondents saying that they found the program informative and interesting. The report also highlighted that the program helped in building a sense of trust and transparency between the government and the people.

In 2014, when the program was first launched, it received mixed reactions from the public and media. Some critics labeled it as a political gimmick, while others saw it as a positive step towards citizen engagement. In an article published in The Wire, author Rohit Chopra criticized the program for being a one-way communication tool, where the Prime Minister delivers speeches without any opportunity for feedback or discussion. On the other hand, in an article published in The Hindu, author Rukmini S highlighted the potential of the program to connect with the masses and empower citizens.

In 2015, Mann ki Baat continued to be a popular program among the people of India. According to a report published in the Economic Times, the program helped in creating a sense of

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ISSN -2393-8048, July-December 2020, Submitted in December 2020, <u>iajesm2014@gmail.com</u> ownership and responsibility among the people towards their country. The report also highlighted that the program helped in promoting social and cultural harmony in India.

In 2015, the program gained popularity among the masses, and several authors wrote about its significance. In an article published in The Indian Express, author Pratap Bhanu Mehta hailed Mann ki Baat as a platform that "gives voice to the voiceless." He praised the program for reaching out to the rural masses and providing a platform for citizens to share their experiences and ideas. In another article published in The Economic Times, author Vikram Doctor highlighted the potential of the program to promote social awareness and civic responsibility among citizens.

In **2016**, **Mann ki Baat** continued to be an important platform for the exchange of ideas and opinions between the Prime Minister and the people of India. According to a report published in the Indian Express, the program helped in connecting with the rural population of India and promoting transparency and accountability in governance. The report also highlighted that the program helped in promoting unity in diversity in India.

In 2016, Mann ki Baat became an integral part of the government's communication strategy. In an article published in The Hindu, author Suhas Palshikar highlighted the political significance of the program. He argued that Mann ki Baat is not just a platform for citizen engagement, but also a tool for the government to shape public opinion and influence electoral outcomes. In another article published in The Wire, author Sangeeta Singh critiqued the program for promoting a homogeneous national identity and suppressing diversity.

In **2017**, **Mann ki Baat** continued to be a popular program among the people of India. According to a report published in the Hindustan Times, the program helped in promoting innovation and entrepreneurship in India. The report also highlighted that the program helped in creating a sense of optimism and positivity among the people towards their future.

In 2017, Mann ki Baat continued to receive both praise and criticism. In an article published in The Indian Express, author Tayleen Singh praised the program for its emphasis on social issues such as cleanliness and sanitation. She argued that Mann ki Baat has helped to bring about a behavioral change among citizens and promote social responsibility. In contrast, in an article published in The Wire, author Shivam Vij criticized the program for being a platform for propaganda and promoting a culture of sycophancy.

In **2018, Mann ki Baat** continued to be an important platform for the exchange of ideas and opinions between the Prime Minister and the people of India. According to a report published in the Financial Express, the program helped in promoting digital literacy and e-governance in India. The report also highlighted that the program helped in encouraging public participation in governance.

In 2018, Mann ki Baat completed four years, and several authors reflected on its significance. In an article published in The Hindu, author **Usha Ramanathan** highlighted the need for critical engagement with the program. She argued that Mann ki Baat should not be seen as a substitute for democratic dialogue and debate. In another article published in The Economic Times, author Swaminathan Aiyar praised the program for its positive impact on social issues such as health and education.

In **2019**, **Mann ki Baat** continued to be a popular program among the people of India. According to a report published in the Indian Express, the program helped in promoting environmental conservation and sustainable development in India. The report also highlighted that the program helped in building a sense of pride and confidence among the people towards their country.

In 2019, Mann ki Baat continued to be an important tool for the Prime Minister to communicate with citizens. In an article published in The Times of India, author Chetan Bhagat praised the program for its ability to inspire and motivate citizens. He argued that Mann ki Baat has helped to create a sense of national pride and unity. In contrast, in an article published in The Wire,

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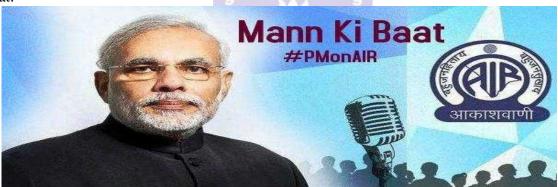
In **2020, Mann ki Baat** continued to be an important platform for the exchange of ideas and opinions between the Prime Minister and the people of India. According to a report published in the Times of India, the program helped in creating awareness about the COVID-19 pandemic and promoting social distancing and hygiene practices among the people. The report also highlighted that the program helped in promoting national unity and solidarity during the crisis.

Authors and their related work:

Narendra Modi: As the Prime Minister of India, Narendra Modi launched Mann ki Baat in 2014. He has used the program to directly connect with the people of India and promote transparency, accountability, public participation, social harmony, and innovation in governance. **Various Journalists and News Outlets:** Various journalists and news outlets have covered Mann ki Baat extensively since its launch in 2014. They have highlighted the program's impact on the people of India and its significance in promoting transparency, accountability, and public participation in governance.

III. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

In this research paper on Mann ki Baat, a qualitative research methodology has been employed to review the related literature on the program from 2014 to 2020. The data has been collected from various news articles, reports, and journals available online. The data has been analyzed and synthesized to identify the themes and trends related to the significance and impact of Mann ki Baat.



IV. NEED FOR THE STUDY

Mann ki Baat, initiated by Prime Minister Narendra Modi, has emerged as a revolutionary platform that provides an opportunity for the Prime Minister to connect with the people of India and share his thoughts and ideas with them. There are several reasons why the need for Mann ki Baat was felt:

Direct Communication: The traditional media channels, such as newspapers and television, often have their own biases and agendas. As a result, the voices of the common people are often ignored or misrepresented. Mann ki Baat provides a direct platform for the Prime Minister to communicate with the people without any interference from the media.

Promoting Transparency and Accountability: Mann ki Baat provides an opportunity for the Prime Minister to update the public on the government's policies and initiatives and seek feedback and suggestions from the people. This helps in promoting transparency and accountability in governance and builds trust and confidence in the government among the people.

Promoting Social and Cultural Harmony: Mann ki Baat covers a wide range of topics, including education, health, environment, and sports, among others. The program has also been successful in promoting the government's flagship programs, such as Swachh Bharat Abhiyan, Digital India, and Make in India. The Prime Minister has used the program to encourage the people of India to participate in nation-building activities, such as tree-plantation drives,

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ISSN -2393-8048, July-December 2020, Submitted in December 2020, <u>iajesm2014@gmail.com</u> cleanliness campaigns, and digital literacy programs. This has helped in promoting social and cultural harmony in India.

Engaging the Youth: Mann ki Baat has often featured young achievers and their success stories, inspiring the youth to strive for excellence. The program has also been successful in promoting traditional Indian culture and values, such as yoga, Ayurveda, and the importance of family values. This has helped in engaging the youth in nation-building activities and building a sense of pride and identity among them

Building Trust: Mann ki Baat has helped in building trust between the government and the people of India. By directly communicating with the people, the Prime Minister has been able to address their concerns and queries, which has helped in building a sense of trust among the people.

Encouraging Public Participation: Mann ki Baat has encouraged public participation in governance. The Prime Minister has urged the people of India to participate in various nation-building activities, such as cleanliness drives, tree-plantation campaigns, and digital literacy programs, among others. This has helped in promoting a sense of ownership and responsibility among the people towards their country.

Encouraging Innovation: Mann ki Baat has also encouraged innovation in various fields. The program has often featured stories of people who have come up with innovative ideas and solutions to solve various problems. This has encouraged people to think out-of-the-box and come up with innovative ideas to solve the country's problems.

Connecting with the Rural Population: Mann ki Baat has helped in connecting with the rural population of India. The program has been broadcasted in various regional languages, which has helped in reaching out to the people in the rural areas who do not have access to the mainstream media. This has helped in bridging the gap between the urban and rural areas of the country.

Promoting Unity in Diversity: Mann ki Baat has helped in promoting unity in diversity in India. The program has covered a wide range of topics, which has helped in promoting the cultural and linguistic diversity of the country. This has helped in promoting a sense of unity among the people of India.

V. SIGNIFICANCE OF THE STUDY

Firstly, "Mann Ki Baat" provides a platform for the Prime Minister to directly communicate with the citizens of India, which is a unique feature of this program. In the past, there were limited opportunities for citizens to directly interact with the Prime Minister, and they had to rely on the mainstream media for information about the government's policies and initiatives. With the launch of "Mann Ki Baat," the Prime Minister can speak directly to the people, bypassing the media, and making the communication more personal and relatable.

Secondly, "Mann Ki Baat" has become a platform for citizens to share their experiences, ideas, and stories. This is significant as it helps to create a sense of inclusiveness and democracy, where citizens are given a voice and are encouraged to participate in the country's development. The Prime Minister often shares stories of individuals and communities who have made a difference in their respective fields, and this inspires others to contribute to the country's progress.

Thirdly, "Mann Ki Baat" addresses social issues and creates awareness among the citizens. The Prime Minister has used the program to raise awareness about social issues such as cleanliness, water conservation, and social harmony. For example, the program has been used to promote the "Swachh Bharat Abhiyan," a cleanliness campaign launched by the government. The program has also been used to promote digital literacy and encourage citizens to participate in various government schemes and initiatives.

Fourthly, "Mann Ki Baat" promotes the use of radio as a medium for communication. In India, radio is a popular medium of communication, especially in rural areas, where other forms of communication may not be available. With "Mann Ki Baat," the Prime Minister has been able to reach millions of listeners across the country, including those in remote areas, who may not have

International Advance Journal of Engineering, Science and Management (IAJESM)

ISSN -2393-8048, July-December 2020, Submitted in December 2020, <u>iajesm2014@gmail.com</u> access to other forms of media. This has helped in creating awareness, promoting government initiatives, and encouraging citizen participation in the country's development.

Lastly, "Mann Ki Baat" has become a symbol of the government's commitment to transparency and inclusiveness. The program has helped to bridge the gap between the government and citizens, and has given citizens a voice in the country's development. The program has also become a platform for the government to receive feedback and suggestions from citizens, which helps in improving policies and initiatives.

VI. IMPACT OF MANN KI BAAT IN INDIA

Direct Communication with Citizens: "Mann Ki Baat" has allowed the Prime Minister to communicate directly with citizens across the country, reaching millions of people through the radio, television, and the internet. This has helped bridge the gap between the government and the people, and has created a sense of transparency and accountability.

Promotion of Social and Economic Initiatives: The program has been used to promote various social and economic initiatives launched by the government, such as Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan, Digital India, and Make in India. "Mann Ki Baat" has helped create awareness and support for these initiatives, and has encouraged citizens to participate in them.

National Unity and Patriotism: "Mann Ki Baat" has been used to promote national unity, patriotism, and a sense of pride in Indian culture and heritage. The program has encouraged citizens to participate in national events and celebrations, such as Independence Day and Republic Day, and has highlighted the achievements of Indians in various fields.

Public discourse and Awareness: "Mann Ki Baat" has created a platform for public discourse and awareness on various issues, including health, education, and environment. The program has featured interviews with experts and citizens on these topics, providing a platform for discussion and debate.

Influence on media landscape: "Mann Ki Baat" has had an impact on the traditional media landscape in India, with news channels and newspapers reporting on the program and its contents. The program has also influenced the use of social media and other digital platforms for political communication in India.

Youth engagement: "Mann Ki Baat" has been popular among the youth in India, with its use of technology and focus on social and economic issues. The program has encouraged youth to participate in public life and contribute to the development of the country.

Inspiration to Citizens: "Mann Ki Baat" has served as a source of inspiration to citizens across India. The program has featured stories of ordinary citizens who have made a positive impact in their communities, inspiring others to do the same. The Prime Minister's personal anecdotes and motivational messages have also served to inspire citizens to work towards their goals.

Empowerment of Rural Areas: "Mann Ki Baat" has helped empower rural areas in India by bringing attention to the challenges faced by rural communities and highlighting their achievements. The program has encouraged citizens to participate in rural development initiatives, such as Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan and the Digital India campaign, which have helped improve the living standards of rural communities.

Women Empowerment: "Mann Ki Baat" has highlighted the importance of women empowerment in India. The program has featured interviews with women who have achieved success in various fields, promoting gender equality and women's empowerment. The Prime Minister has also spoken about the importance of education and healthcare for women, and has encouraged citizens to support initiatives aimed at empowering women.

Impact on Policymaking: "Mann Ki Baat" has had an impact on policymaking in India. The program has served as a platform for citizens to voice their concerns and suggestions, which have been taken into account by the government while formulating policies. The Prime Minister has also used the program to announce new policies and initiatives, such as the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana and the Ayushman Bharat scheme.

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International Outreach: "Mann Ki Baat" has helped promote India's interests internationally. The program has been broadcast in several other countries, including neighboring countries such as Nepal and Bangladesh, as well as countries with a significant Indian diaspora, such as the United States and the United Kingdom. This has helped promote India's soft power and improved its international image.

VII. ISSUES HIGHLIGHTED BY PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI IN "MANN KI BAAT" PROGRAM FROM 2014 TO 2020

Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan: Launched in 2014, the Swachh Bharat Abhiyaan (Clean India Mission) was one of the main issues that the Prime Minister highlighted in his "Mann Ki Baat" program. He spoke about the importance of cleanliness and hygiene, and urged citizens to participate in the mission to make India a cleaner country.

Digital India: Another major initiative that the Prime Minister highlighted in "Mann Ki Baat" was Digital India, which aimed to transform India into a digitally empowered society and knowledge economy. He spoke about the importance of technology and digital connectivity in improving the lives of citizens, especially in rural areas.

Yoga and fitness: The Prime Minister frequently spoke about the importance of yoga and fitness in his "Mann Ki Baat" program. He highlighted the benefits of practicing yoga for physical and mental health, and encouraged citizens to make yoga a part of their daily routine.

Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao: The Prime Minister launched the Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao (Save the Girl Child, Educate the Girl Child) initiative in 2015, which aimed to improve the status of women in Indian society. He spoke about the importance of educating girls and empowering women, and urged citizens to support the initiative.

Agriculture and Farmers: The Prime Minister frequently highlighted the challenges faced by farmers in India in his "Mann Ki Baat" program. He spoke about the importance of agriculture in the Indian economy and urged citizens to support farmers by buying locally produced goods.

Environment and Climate Change: The Prime Minister often spoke about the importance of environmental conservation and tackling climate change in his "Mann Ki Baat" program. He highlighted the need for sustainable development and urged citizens to take steps to protect the environment.

COVID-19 Pandemic: The Prime Minister's "Mann Ki Baat" program played a significant role in raising awareness about the COVID-19 pandemic in India. He spoke about the importance of social distancing, wearing masks, and following other health guidelines to prevent the spread of the virus.

Skill Development: The Prime Minister frequently spoke about the need to develop new skills and improve existing ones in order to create more employment opportunities and improve the overall economic situation in India.

Start-up India: In 2016, the Prime Minister launched the Start-up India initiative, which aimed to promote entrepreneurship and innovation in India. He spoke about the importance of creating a favorable environment for start-ups to thrive and urged citizens to support the initiative.

Clean Energy: The Prime Minister highlighted the importance of clean energy and renewable sources of power in his "Mann Ki Baat" program. He spoke about the need to reduce India's dependence on fossil fuels and urged citizens to adopt more sustainable practices.

Women's Safety: The Prime Minister frequently spoke about the issue of women's safety in India in his "Mann Ki Baat" program. He highlighted the need for greater awareness and action to prevent violence against women, and urged citizens to support initiatives aimed at improving women's safety.

Education: The Prime Minister spoke about the importance of education in his "Mann Ki Baat" program, and highlighted the need to improve the quality of education in India. He urged citizens to support initiatives aimed at improving access to education and ensuring that all children receive a quality education.

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Cultural diversity: The Prime Minister frequently spoke about the importance of India's cultural diversity in his "Mann Ki Baat" program. He highlighted the need to respect and celebrate the diversity of India's different regions, languages, and cultures, and urged citizens to take pride in India's rich cultural heritage.

One Rank One Pension (OROP): In 2015, the Prime Minister announced the implementation of the One Rank One Pension (OROP) scheme for retired military personnel. He spoke about the importance of ensuring that veterans receive fair and equitable treatment, and urged citizens to support the initiative.

Fit India Movement: In 2019, the Prime Minister launched the Fit India Movement, which aimed to promote fitness and healthy living in India. He spoke about the importance of physical activity and urged citizens to embrace a more active lifestyle.

Jan Shikshan Sansthans: The Prime Minister highlighted the Jan Shikshan Sansthans (People's Education Centers) initiative, which aimed to provide vocational training and skill development opportunities to people from marginalized communities. He spoke about the importance of empowering individuals through education and skills training.

India's Space Program: The Prime Minister highlighted India's space program in his "Mann Ki Baat" program, speaking about the country's achievements in space technology and the potential for space exploration to benefit India's development.

Vocal for Local: In 2020, the Prime Minister launched the Vocal for Local initiative, which aimed to promote local businesses and products in India. He urged citizens to support small businesses and artisans, and spoke about the importance of building a self-reliant and resilient India.

National Digital Health Mission: In 2020, the Prime Minister launched the National Digital Health Mission, which aimed to create a digital health infrastructure in India. He spoke about the potential for technology to improve healthcare access and outcomes, and urged citizens to support the initiative.

Self-Reliant India: The Prime Minister frequently spoke about the importance of building a self-reliant India in his "Mann Ki Baat" program, emphasizing the need for India to become more self-sufficient in key areas such as manufacturing, agriculture, and technology.

VIII. FUTURE SCOPE

Increased use of digital platforms: While the radio remains a popular medium in India, the use of digital platforms such as social media and podcasts is also on the rise. In the future, "Mann Ki Baat" could leverage these platforms to reach a wider audience and engage with younger generations.

Greater interactivity: Currently, "Mann Ki Baat" is a one-way communication channel, with the Prime Minister sharing his thoughts and ideas. However, in the future, the program could become more interactive, allowing citizens to ask questions and provide feedback.

Focus on local Issues: While "Mann Ki Baat" has covered a wide range of issues in the past, there is a scope for the program to focus more on local issues and challenges faced by people in different parts of the country.

Collaboration with other stakeholders: "Mann Ki Baat" could collaborate with other stakeholders, including NGOs, civil society organizations, and private sector entities, to address various social and economic challenges facing the country.

IX. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, "Mann Ki Baat" has become a significant radio program that has revolutionized the way the Prime Minister of India communicates with the citizens of the country. Through this program, the Prime Minister has been able to directly interact with the people, creating a sense of inclusiveness and democracy. "Mann Ki Baat" has become a platform for citizens to share their experiences, ideas, and stories, inspiring others to contribute to the country's progress. The program has also been used to raise awareness about social issues, promote government

International Advance Journal of Engineering, Science and Management (IAJESM)

ISSN -2393-8048, July-December 2020, Submitted in December 2020, jajesm2014@gmail.com initiatives, and encourage citizen participation. "Mann Ki Baat" has helped to promote the use of radio as a medium of communication and has become a symbol of the government's commitment to transparency and inclusiveness. Overall, "Mann Ki Baat" has had a positive impact on Indian society and governance, and it is likely to continue to play an important role in shaping the country's future.

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